Edition 2007 (E)

International Recommendation

OIML R 107-2

Edition 2007 (E)

Reconfirmed in 2024

Discontinuous totalizing automatic weighing instruments (totalizing hopper weighers)

Part 2: Test report format

Instruments de pesage totalisateurs discontinus à fonctionnement automatique (peseuses totalisatrices à trémie)

Partie 2: Format du rapport d'essai



Organisation Internationale de Métrologie Légale

International Organization of Legal Metrology

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Foreword

The International Organization of Legal Metrology (OIML) is a worldwide, intergovernmental organization whose primary aim is to harmonize the regulations and metrological controls applied by the national metrological services, or related organizations, of its Member States. The main categories of OIML publications are:

- International Recommendations (OIML R), which are model regulations that establish the metrological characteristics, required of certain measuring instruments and which specify methods and equipment for checking their conformity. OIML Member States shall implement these Recommendations to the greatest possible extent;
- International Documents (OIML D), which are informative in nature and which are intended to harmonize and improve work in the field of legal metrology;
- International Guides (OIML G), which are also informative in nature and which are intended to give guidelines for the application of certain requirements to legal metrology; and
- International Basic Publications (OIML B), which define the operating rules of the various OIML structures and systems.

OIML Draft Recommendations, Documents and Guides are developed by Technical Committees or Subcommittees which comprise representatives from the Member States. Certain international and regional institutions also participate on a consultation basis. Cooperative agreements have been established between the OIML and certain institutions, such as ISO and the IEC, with the objective of avoiding contradictory requirements. Consequently, manufacturers and users of measuring instruments, test laboratories, etc. may simultaneously apply OIML publications and those of other institutions.

International Recommendations, Documents, Guides and Basic Publications are published in English (E) and translated into French (F) and are subject to periodic revision.

Additionally, the OIML publishes or participates in the publication of **Vocabularies** (**OIML V**) and periodically commissions legal metrology experts to write **Expert Reports** (**OIML E**). Expert Reports are intended to provide information and advice, and are written solely from the viewpoint of their author, without the involvement of a Technical Committee or Subcommittee, nor that of the CIML. Thus, they do not necessarily represent the views of the OIML.

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Introduction

This "Test report format" aims at presenting, in a standardized format, the results of the various tests and examinations to which a type of a totalizing automatic weighing instrument shall be submitted with a view to its approval.

The test report format consists of two parts, a "checklist" and the "test report" itself.

The checklist is a summary of the examinations carried out on the instrument. It includes the conclusions of the results of the test performed, experimental or visual checks based on the requirements of Part 1. The words or condensed sentences aim at reminding the examiner of the requirements in OIML R 107-1 without reproducing them.

The test report is a record of the results of the tests carried out on the instrument. The "test report" forms have been produced based on the tests detailed in OIML R 107-1:2007.

All metrology services or laboratories evaluating types of totalizing automatic weighing instruments according to R 107 or to national or regional regulations based on this OIML Recommendation are strongly advised to use this test report format, directly or after translation into a language other than English or French. Its direct use in English or in French, or in both languages, is even more strongly recommended whenever test results may be transmitted by the country performing these tests to the approving authorities of another country, under bi- or multilateral cooperation agreements. In the framework of the *OIML Certificate System for Measuring Instruments*, use of this test report format is mandatory.

The "information concerning the test equipment used for type evaluation" shall cover all test equipment which has been used in determining the test results given in a report. The information may be a short list containing only essential data (name, type, reference number for purpose of traceability). For example:

- Verification standards (accuracy, or accuracy class, and no.);
- Simulator for testing of modules (name, type, traceability and no.);
- Climatic test and static temperature chamber (name, type and no.);
- Electrical tests, bursts (name of the instrument, type and no.);
- Description of the procedure of field calibration for the test of immunity to radiated electromagnetic fields.

Note concerning the numbering of the following pages:

In addition to a sequential numbering: "R 107-2 page ..." at the bottom of the pages of this publication, a special place is left at the top of each page (starting with the following page) for numbering the pages of reports established following this model; in particular, some tests (e.g. metrological performance tests) shall be repeated several times, each test being reported individually on a separate page following the relevant format; in the same way, a multiple range instrument shall be tested separately for each range and a separate form (including the general information form) shall be filled out for each range. For a given report, it is advisable to complete the sequential numbering of each page by the indication of the total number of pages of the report.

Report page /

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DISCONTINUOUS TOTALIZING AUTOMATIC WEIGHING INSTRUMENTS (TOTALIZING HOPPER WEIGHERS)

Type evaluation report

Explanatory notes

The name(s) or symbol(s) of the unit(s) used to express test results shall be specified in each form.

For each test, the "summary of type evaluation" and the "checklist" shall be completed according to this example:

	Passed	Failed
When the instrument has passed the test:	X	
When the instrument has failed the test:		X
When the test is not applicable:	_	_

The white spaces in boxes in the headings of the report should always be filled according to the following example:

	At start	At end	
Temp.:	20.5	21.1	°C
Rel. h.:			%
Date:	2006-01-29	2006-01-30	yyyy-mm-dd
Time:	16:00:05	16:30:25	hh:mm:ss
Bar pres.:			hPa

[&]quot;Date" in the test report refers to the date on which the test was performed.

In the disturbance tests, faults greater than d are acceptable provided that they are detected and acted upon, or that they result from circumstances such that these faults shall not be considered as significant; an appropriate explanation shall be given in the column "Yes (remarks)".

Section numbers in brackets refer to the corresponding subclauses of R 107-1:2007.

Symbol	Meaning
I	Indication
I_n	nth indication
L	Load
ΔL	Additional load to next changeover point
P	$I + \frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L$ = Indication prior to rounding (digital indication)
E	I-L or $P-L$ = Error
E%	(P-L)/L %
E_0	Error at zero load
d	Actual scale interval
d_{t}	Totalization scale interval
p_i	Fraction of the MPE applicable to a module of the instrument which is examined separately
mpe	Maximum permissible error
EUT	Equipment under test
sf	Significant fault
Max	Maximum capacity of the weighing instrument
Min	Minimum capacity of the weighing instrument
T	Tare capacity
T	Indication of the totalization device
U_{nom}	Nominal voltage value marked on the instrument
U_{max}	Highest value of a voltage range marked on the instrument
U_{min}	Lowest value of a voltage range marked on the instrument
$v_{ m min}$	Minimum operating speed
$v_{ m max}$	Maximum operating speed
e.m.f.	Electromotive force
I/O	Input/output ports
RF	Radio frequency
V/m	Volts per metre
kV	kilovolt
DC	Direct current
AC	Alternating current
MHz	Megahertz
$\Sigma_{ m min}$	Minimum totalized load

General information concerning the type

Application no.:	Manufacturer:
Type designation:	Applicant:
Instrument category:	
Testing on:	omplete instrument Module ¹
Accuracy class 0.2	0.5 1 2
Min = $\Sigma_{\min} = $	
Max =	
T+=	$d = $ $d_{\rm t} = $
$U_{ m nom}$ = V $U_{ m min}$ =	$V U_{max} = V f = Battery, U = V$
Zero-setting device:	
Non-automatic	
Semi-automatic	
Automatic zero-setting	
Initial zero-setting	
Zero-tracking	
Initial zero-setting range: % of	Max Temperature range: °C
Printer: Built in Connected	Not present but connectable No connection

¹ The test equipment (simulator or part of a complete instrument) connected to the module shall be defined in the test form(s) used.

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Instrument submitted:	Load sensor:	
Identification no.:	Manufacturer:	
Software version:	Type:	
Connected equipment:	Capacity:	
	Number:	
Interfaces (number, nature):	Classification symbol:	
	Remarks:	
Evaluation period:		
Date of report:		
Observer:		

Use this space to indicate additional remarks and/or information: other connected equipment, interfaces and load cells, choice of the manufacturer regarding protection against disturbances, etc.

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Identification of the inst	rument		
Application no.:	Type designation:		
Identification no.:	Manufacturer:		
Software version:	Report date:		
Manufacturing documenta	ntion ntify the equipment under test)		
System or module name	Drawing number or software reference	Issue level	Serial no.
Simulator documentation			
System or module name	Drawing number or software reference	Issue level	Serial no.

Simulator function (summary)

(Simulator description and drawings, block diagram etc should be attached to the report if available.)

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Report page /		

Description or other information pertaining to identification of the instrument: (attach photograph here if available)

List all test equipment used in this report (including descriptions of the reference vehicles used for testing)				
Equipment name	Manufacturer	Type no	Serial no	Used for (test references)

Equipment name	Manufacturer	Type no.	Serial no.	Used for (test references)
	L	l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

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Configuration for test		
Application no.:	Type designation:	
Report date:	Manufacturer:	

Use this space for additional information relating to equipment configuration, interfaces, data rates, load cells EMC protection options etc., for the instrument and/or simulator.

Report page /

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Summary	v of	type	eval	luation
Julilia	, 01		C I U	uuuvu

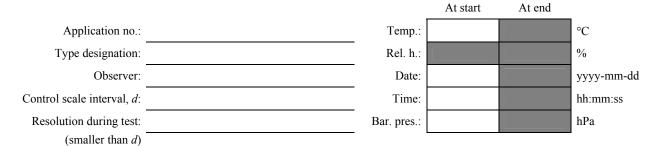
Application no.:	Type designation:	
Report date:	Manufacturer:	

	TESTS	Report page	Passed	Failed	Remarks
1	Zero-setting				
2	Warm-up time test				
3	Stability of equilibrium				
4	Influence factors				
4.1	Static temperatures				
4.2	Temperature effect on no load indication				
4.3	Damp heat, steady state				
4.4	Voltage variation tests				
5	Disturbances				
5.1	AC mains short-time power reductions				
5.2.1	Electrical bursts on mains voltage supply lines				
5.2.2	Electrical bursts on I/O circuits and communication lines				
5.3.1	Surges on AC mains voltage lines				
5.3.2	Surges on I/O signal and communication lines (if any)				
5.4.1	Electrostatic discharges on direct application				
5.4.2	Electrostatic discharges on indirect application (contact discharges only)				
5.5.1	Immunity to radiated electromagnetic fields				
5.5.2	Immunity to conducted radio-frequency fields				
5.6.1	Electrical transient conduction along supply lines of 12 V or 24 V road vehicle batteries				
5.6.2	Electrical transient conduction via lines other supply lines 12 V or 24 V road vehicle batteries				
6	Span stability				
7	Material tests:				
7.1	Separate verification method				
7.2	Integral verification method				
	EXAMINATIONS				
8	Examination of the construction				
9	Checklist				

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 ${\it Use this page to detail remarks from the summary of the type evaluation.}$

1 Zero-setting device (3.8, A.5.4)



1.1 Modes of zero-setting (A.5.4.1)

Mode of zero-setting	Present
Non-automatic	
Semi-automatic	
Automatic operation	

1.2 Range of zero-setting (3.8.2, A.5.4.2)

1.2.1 Initial zero-setting range (A.5.4.2.1)

Positive range, L_p	Negative range, $L_{\rm n}$	Zero setting range, $(L_p + L_n)$	% of Max load

1.2.2 Zero-setting range (A.5.4.2.3)

Weight added	Zero Yes/no	Zero setting range	% of Max load

1.3 Accuracy of zero-setting (A.5.4.3)

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$ E = I - L or P - L = Error

Zero-setting mode:	Add. load, ΔL	$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$	E/d

Passed	Failed		
Remarks:			

1.4 Zero onset inter	lock (5.8.3, A.0.8)	
Method of zero-setting:		
Non-automatic		
Semi-automatic		
Automatic operation		
Positive offset:		
Load applied after zeroing:		
Automatic operation	Inhibited	
Automatic operation	Not inhibited	
Negative offset:		
Load removed after zeroing:		
Automatic operation	Inhibited	
Automatic operation	Not inhibited	
Passed	Failed	
Remarks:		

2	Warm-up	time	(4.2.5,	A.5.3
---	---------	------	---------	-------

					At start	At end	
App	lication no.:			Temp.:			°C
Type	designation:			Rel. h.:			%
	Observer:			Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale	e interval, d:			Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution	Resolution during test: Bar. pres.:			Bar. pres.:			hPa
(sm	aller than d)			L			_
Duration of C Automatic ze Non-exis $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \frac{1}{4}$ $E_0 = \text{error calc}$ $E_L = \text{error calc}$	ro-setting developments $\Delta L - L$ ulated prior t	Not in operation		of working range unloaded)	In o	peration ²	
	Time*	Load, L	Indication, I	Add. load, ΔL	Erro	r	$E_L - E_0$
Unloaded	0 :				$E_{0I} =$		
Loaded	0 min				$E_{\rm L}$ =		
Unloaded	5				$E_0 =$		
Loaded	5 min				$E_{\rm L}$ =		
Unloaded	15				$E_0 =$		
Loaded	15 min				$E_{\rm L}$ =		
Unloaded					$E_0 =$		

 $E_{\rm L}$ =

30 min

Loaded

		Error	MPE	R 10/-1 clause
	a)	Initial zero-setting error, E_{0I}	\leq 0.25 $d_{\rm t}$	
Check if:	b)	Maximum value of error unloaded, E_0	\leq 0.25 $d_{\rm t}$	A.5.4
	c)	Maximum value of zero variation, $E_0 - E_{0I}$	$\leq 0.25 d_{\rm t} \times p_i$	A.J.4
	d)	Maximum value of error loaded, $E_{\rm L}-E_0$	$\leq 0.25 d_{\rm t} \times p_i$	
Passed		Failed		
Remarks:				

^{*} Counted from the moment an indication has first appeared.

 $^{^{2}\,\,}$ In operation only if zero operates as part of every automatic weighing cycle

3 Stability of equilibrium for static weighing (3.2.10, A.6.1)

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:	Bar. pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d)	'			•

In the case of printing or data storage:

	Printing or data storage					
Number	First recorded or printed value after		onds after print-out or rage			
	manual disturbance and command	Minimum	Maximum			
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						

Check separately for each of the five tests if only two adjacent figures appear, one being the printed value.

In the case of zero-setting:

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L = \text{zero or near zero}$

	Zero-setting					
Number	Load, L	Indication, I	Add. load, ΔL	Error, E		
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						

Check the accuracy according to A.5.4.3 for zero-setting.					
Passed	Failed				
Remarks:					

- 4 Influence factors (2.7, A.7.3)
- **4.1** Static temperatures (2.7.1.1, A.7.3.1)
- 4.1.1 Reference of 20 °C

				At start	At end	
Application no.:			Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		<u> </u>	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:			Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d:			Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:			Bar. pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d)			_			<u></u>
Automatic zero-setting dev	rice is:					
Non-existent	Not in operation	Out of worki	ng range	In o	peration	
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L,$	$E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 = \text{er}$	rror calculated at or ne	ar zero*			

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

Load, L	Indication, I		Add. lo	Add. load, ΔL		Error		l error, $E_{\rm c}$	mna	
Load, L	\	↑	↓	↑	\	↑	\downarrow	↑	mpe	
*					*					

Result sheet B

 $Used\ in\ conjunction\ with\ result\ sheet\ A\ to\ record\ the\ retained\ totalization$

Totalization indication					
At start of test	At end of test	Max deviation observed (except for non-recordable transients)			

			,	
Report	page	/	/	

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Result sheet C

Static load	Calculated change in totalization, $T_{\rm c}$	Totalization before adding load, T _b	Totalization after adding load, T_a	Indicated change in totalization, $T_{i} = T_{a} - T_{b}$	Error, $T_{\rm c}-T_{\rm i}$

Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

4.1.2 Static temperatures, specified high of: °C

	At start	At end	
Temp.:			°C
Rel. h.:			%
Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Time:			hh:mm:ss
Bar. pres.:			hPa

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L,$

 $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error calculated at or near zero*

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

Load, L	Indication, I		Add. load, ΔL		Error		Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$		mpe
Loau, L	\	↑	\	↑	\	↑	\	↑	
*					*				

Result sheet B

Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization

	Totalization indication		
At start of test At end of test Max deviation observed (except for non-recordable transients)			

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Result sheet C

Static Load	Calculated change in totalization, T_c	Totalization before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	Totalization after adding load, T_a	Indicated change in totalization, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	Error, $T_{\rm c} - T_{\rm i}$

Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

4.1.3 Static temperatures, specified low of: °C

	At start	At end	
Temp.:			°C
Rel. h.:			%
Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Time:			hh:mm:ss
Bar. pres.:			hPa

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$, $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 = \text{error calculated at or near zero*}$

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

Load, L	Indica	tion, I	Add. lo	oad, ΔL	Er	ror	Corrected	l error, $E_{\rm c}$	mpe
Load, L	\	↑	\	↑	\	↑	\	↑	
*					*				

Result sheet B

 ${\it Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization}$

	Totalization indication				
At start of test At end of test Max deviation observed (except for non-recordable transients)					

	1 to committee 202 i
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Result sheet C

Static load	Calculated change in totalization, $T_{\rm c}$	Totalization before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	Totalization after adding load, T_a	Indicated change in totalization, $T_{i} = T_{a} - T_{b}$	Error, $T_{\rm c}-T_{\rm i}$

Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

4.1.4 Static temperatures, 5 °C (if applicable)

	At start	At end	
Temp.:			°C
Rel. h.:			%
Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Time:			hh:mm:ss
Bar. pres.:			hPa

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$, $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 = \text{error calculated at or near zero*}$

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

I and I	Indication, I		Add. load, ΔL		Error		Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$		
Load, L	\	↑	\	↑	\	↑	\	↑	mpe
*					*				

Result sheet B

 ${\it Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization}$

	Totalization indication			
At start of test At end of test Max deviation observed (except for non-recordable transients)				

		,	
Report page	/	<i>'</i>	

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Result sheet C

Static load	Calculated change in totalization, $T_{\rm c}$	Totalization before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	Totalization after adding load, T_a	Indicated change in totalization, $T_{i} = T_{a} - T_{b}$	Error, $T_{\rm c} - T_{\rm i}$
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

4.1.5 Static temperatures, reference of 20 °C

	At start	At end	
Temp.:			°C
Rel. h.:			%
Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Time:			hh:mm:ss
Bar. pres.:			hPa

$$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L,$$

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$, $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error calculated at or near zero*

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

Load, L	Indication, I		Add. load, ΔL		Error		Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$		mno
Loau, L	\	1	\downarrow	↑	\	↑	\	↑	mpe
*					*				

Result sheet B

Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization

Totalization indication				
At start of test	Max deviation observed (except for non-recordable transients)			

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Result sheet C

Static load	Calculated change in totalization, $T_{\rm c}$	Totalization before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	Totalization after adding load, $T_{\rm a}$	Indicated change in totalization, $T_{i} = T_{a} - T_{b}$	Error, $T_{\rm c} - T_{\rm i}$

Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

4.2 Te	emperatu	re effec	ct on no	-load indica	tion (2.7.1.	2, A.7.3.2	2)		
	Applica	ation no.:							
	Type des	ignation:							
	C	Observer:							
Con	trol scale in	terval, d:							
Totalizati	ion scale int	erval, d_t :							
Automatic z	zero-setting	device is:	:	_					
Non-ex	kistent		Not in op	eration	Out of wo	orking range	;	In operati	on
$P = I + \frac{1}{2} d -$	- ΔL								
Report page ³	Date	Time	Temp (°C)	Zero indication, <i>I</i>	Add. load, ΔL	Р	ΔP	ΔTemp	Zero-change per °C
				ests at different consecutive te	-	t temperatur	res		
Check if th	ne zero-ch	ange pe	er 5 °C i	s smaller tha	n d.				
Passed	i		Failed						
Remarks:									

Give the report page of the relevant weighing test where weighing tests and temperature effect on no-load indication test are conducted together.

4.3 Damp heat, steady state (non-condensing) (4.2.3, A.7.3.3)

4.3.1 Reference temperature of 20 $^{\circ}$ C at 50 $^{\circ}$ C humidity

			At start	After 3 h	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:				°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:				%
Observer:		Date:				yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, <i>d</i> :		Time:				hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :		Bar. pres.:				hPa
Automatic zero-setting device is Non-existent	Not in operation	Out of working		In ope	ration	-
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L, \qquad E_{c}$	$= E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error ca	alculated at or near	r zero*			

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

Load, L	Indication, I Add. loa		oad, ΔL	L Error		Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$		mna	
Loau, L	\	↑	\	↑	\	↑	\	↑	mpe
*					*				

Result sheet B

 ${\it Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization}$

	Totalization indication	
At start of test	At end of test	Max deviation observed (except for non-recordable transients)

Report pag	e / .		

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Result sheet C

Static load	Calculated change in totalization, $T_{\rm c}$	Totalization before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	Totalization after adding load, $T_{\rm a}$	Indicated change in totalization, $T_{i} = T_{a} - T_{b}$	Error, $T_{\rm c} - T_{\rm i}$

Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

4.3.2 Damp heat, steady state, upper limit temperature of:°C and 85 % humidity

	At start	After 3 h	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Date:				yyyy-mm-dd
Time:				hh:mm:ss
Bar. pres.:				hPa

$$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L,$$

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$, $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 = \text{error calculated at or near zero*}$

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

Lood I	Indica	ntion, I	Add. lo	oad, ΔL	Er	ror	Corrected	l error, $E_{\rm c}$	
Load, L	\	↑	\	↑	\	↑	\	↑	mpe
*					*				

Result sheet B

Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization

Totalization indication					
At start of test	At end of test	Max deviation observed (except for non-recordable transients)			

Result sheet C

Static load	Calculated change in totalization, $T_{\rm c}$	Totalization before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	Totalization after adding load, $T_{\rm a}$	Indicated change in totalization, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	Error, $T_{\rm c} - T_{\rm i}$

Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

4.3.3 Damp heat, steady state, reference temperature of 20 °C and 50 % humidity

	At start	After 3 h	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Date:				yyyy-mm-dd
Time:				hh:mm:ss
Bar. pres.:				hPa

$$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L,$$

 $E_{\rm c} = E - E_0$ with E_0 = error calculated at or near zero*

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

Load, L	Indica	ition, I	Add. lo	oad, ΔL	Er	ror	Corrected	l error, $E_{\rm c}$	
	\	1	\	↑	\	↑	\	↑	mpe
*					*				

Result sheet B

Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization

Totalization indication				
At start of test	Max deviation observed (except for non-recordable transients)			

Report	page	/	
topoit	pago	/	

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Result sheet C

Static load	Calculated change in totalization, $T_{\rm c}$	Totalization before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	Totalization after adding load, $T_{\rm a}$	Indicated change in totalization, $T_{i} = T_{a} - T_{b}$	Error, $T_{\rm c} - T_{\rm i}$

Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

4.4 Mains power voltage variations test (2.7.2, A.7.3)

			At start	At end	
Application no.	:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation	:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer	:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_1		Bar. pres.:			hPa
AC mains voltage variation	ons, A.7.3.4				
DC mains voltage variation	ons, A.7.3.5				
Battery power supply (DC	C), A.7.3.6				
12 V or 24 V road vehicle	battery voltage variation	s, A.7.3.7			
Supply voltage ⁴ : U_{non}	$_{\rm n}=$ V	$U_{\min} = $ V	U_{max} =	=	V
Automatic zero-setting device	is:				
Non-existent	Not in operation	Out of working range	In op	peration	

⁴ a) Calculate the lower and upper limits of applied voltages according to 2.7.2. If a voltage range (U_{\min}/U_{\max}) is marked, use the average value as the reference value.

b) For a road vehicle battery, the U_{nom} of the vehicle's electrical system is usually 12 V or 24 V. However, the practical voltage at the battery terminals of a road vehicle can vary considerably.

	_			
Category	οf	nower	sunn	v.

Note: Reproduce this form if an instrument has more than one power supply

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L,$

 $E_{\rm c} = E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error calculated at or near zero

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

Voltage conditions	<i>U</i> (V)	Load, L	Indication, I	Add. load, ΔL	Error	Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$
$U_{ m nom}$						
Lower limit						
Lower mint						
TT 15 54						
Opper limit	Upper limit					

Result sheet B

 $Used\ in\ conjunction\ with\ result\ sheet\ A\ to\ record\ the\ retained\ totalization$

Voltage	U	Totalization indication						
conditions	(V)	At start of test	At end of test	Max deviation observed (except for non-recordable transients)				
11								
$U_{ m nom}$								
I amon limit								
Lower limit								
I Innor limit								
Upper limit								

Result sheet C

Voltage conditions	U (V)	Static load	Calculated change in totalization, T_c	Totalization before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	Totalization after adding load, T_a	Indicated change in totalization, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	Error, $T_{\rm c} - T_{\rm i}$
U_{nom}							
Lower limit							
Upper limit							

Passed	Failed			
1 43504				
Remarks:				

5 Disturbances (4.1.2, A.7.4)

5.1 AC mains voltage dips and short interruptions (A.7.4.1)

			At start	At end	
Application r	10.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designati	on:	Rel. h.:			%
Observ	/er:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval	, d:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval,	d_{t} :	Bar. pres.:			hPa
Automatic zero-setting devi	Not in operation	Out of working rang	ge I	n operation	_
Supply voltage ⁵ :	$J_{\text{nom}} = $ V	$U_{\min} =$	V $U_{\rm r}$	max =	V

Pre-test information

	Disturbance parameters									
Amplitude (% of U_{nom})	Repetition interval (s)									
0	0.5	10								
0	1	10								
40	10	10								
70	25	10								
80	250 / 300*	10								
0	250 / 300*	10								

 $^{^{*}}$ These values are for 50 Hz / 60 Hz respectively

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

Disturbance	Result						
Amplitude (% of U_{nom})	Load	Indication,	Significant fault (>1 d _t)				
(other pre-test information)	Loau	I	No	Yes (remarks)			
without disturbance							
0							
0							
40							
70							
80							
0							

Calculate the lower and upper limits of applied voltages according to 2.7.2. If a voltage-range (U_{\min} / U_{\max}) is marked, use the average value as the reference value.

 ${\it Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization}$

Disturbance	Result					
Amplitude % of U_{nom}	Totalization	indication	5	Significant fault (>1 d_t)		
(other pre-test information)	At start of test	At end of test	No	Yes (remarks)		
without disturbance						
0						
0						
40						
70						
80						
0						

Result sheet C

Disturbance				R	esult		
Amplitude (% of U_{nom})	Load	Calculated change in	Totalization before	Totalization after adding	Indicated change in		Significant fault $(T_c - T_i)$ or detection and reaction
(other pre-test information)	Load	totalization, $T_{\rm c}$	adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	load, T _a	totalization, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	No	Yes (remarks)
without disturbance							
0 %							
0 %							
40 %							
70 %							
80 %							
0 %							

80 %					
0 %					
Passed	Γ	Failed			
Passed		railed			
Remarks:					

5.2 Bursts (transients) on mains power lines and on signal and communication lines (A.7.4.2)

5.2.1 Mains power lines

				At start	At end	
Application no.:			Temp.:			°C
Type designation:			Rel. h.:			%
Observer:			Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d:			Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :			Bar. pres.:			hPa
			-			_
Automatic zero-setting device is	31					
Non-existent	Not in operation	Out of	working rang	ge	In operation	

Mains power lines: test voltage 1.0 kV (peak), duration of the test > 1 minute at each amplitude and polarity

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

		Result						
Connection	Polarity	Load	Indication, I	Sig	gnificant fault (>1 d _t)			
		Load		No	Yes (remarks)			
without disturb	oance							
Live	pos							
yground	neg							
without disturb	oance							
Neutral	pos							
↓ ground	neg							
without disturbance								
Protective earth	pos							
ground	neg							

Result sheet BUsed in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization

		Result							
Connection	Polarity	Totalization	indication	Sign	nificant fault (> 1 d _t)				
		At start of test	At end of test	No	Yes (remarks)				
without disturb	oance								
Live	pos								
ground	neg								
without disturb	oance								
Neutral	pos								
↓ ground	neg								
without disturb	without disturbance								
Protective earth	pos								
y ground	neg								

Result sheet C

		Result					
Connection	Polarity		Totalization	Totalization after adding	Indicated change in	Signif	icant fault $(T_c - T_i)$
Connection	Totality	before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	load, T _a	totalization, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	No	Yes (remarks)	
without dist	turbance						
Live	pos						
↓ ground	neg						
without dist	turbance						
Neutral	pos						
↓ ground	neg						
without dist	turbance						
Protective	pos						
earth	neg						

	↓ ground	neg				
	Passed		Failed			
Rema	ırks:					

5.2.2 Signal and communication lines

				At start	At end	
Application no.:			Temp.:			°C
Type designation:			Rel. h.:			%
Observer:			Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d:			Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :			Bar. pres.:			hPa
•			-			_
Automatic zero-setting device is	3:					
Non-existent	Not in operation	Out of	f working range	e	In operation	

Signal and communication lines: test voltage 0.5 kV (peak), duration of the test > 1 minute at each amplitude and polarity

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

		Result						
Cable/interface	Polarity	T J	Indication I	Significant fault (>1 d_t)				
		Load	Indication, I	No	Yes (remarks)			
without	disturbance							
C/1,1	pos							
C/1,1	neg							
without	disturbance							
C/1 2	pos							
C/1,2	neg							
without	disturbance							
C/1,3	pos							
C/1,5	neg							
without	disturbance							
C/1,4	pos							
C/1,4	neg							
without	disturbance							
C/1.5	pos							
C/1,5	neg							
without disturbance								
C/1 6	pos							
C/1,6	neg							

Notes: 1) Explain or make a sketch indicating where the clamp is located on the cable; if necessary, add additional page.

2) The cell references C/1,1 to C/1,6 should be used to cross-reference the cable or interface between Tables A and B.

Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization

		Result					
Cable/interface	Polarity	At start of test	At end of test		Significant fault (>1 d _t)		
		At start of test	At end of test	No	Yes (remarks)		
	without distu	rbance					
C/1,1	pos						
C/1,1	neg						
	without distu	rbance					
C/1,2	pos						
C/1,2	neg						
	without distu	rbance					
C/1,3	pos						
C/1,5	neg						
	without distu	rbance					
C/1,4	pos						
C/1, 4	neg						
	without distu	rbance					
C/1,5	pos						
C/1,5	neg						
	without distu	rbance					
C/1,6	pos						
C/1,0	neg						

Used where the total is being increased by continually adding the result of weighing a static load and the totalization indicator is used to determine the error

					Result			
Cable/interface Polarity	Polarity		Calculated change in	Totalization before	Totalization after adding	Indicated change in	Signifi	cant fault $(T_c - T_i)$
	Load	totalization,	adding load,	load,	totalization,	No	Yes (remarks)	
			T _c	$T_{\rm b}$	$T_{\rm a}$	$T_{\rm i} = T_{\rm a} - T_{\rm b}$		
		\	without disturb	oance				
C/1,1	pos							
,	neg							
		1	without disturb	oance				
C/1 2	pos							
C/1,2	neg							
		1	without disturb	oance				
C/1,3 pos								
C/1,5	neg							
		Ţ	without disturl	oance				
C/1,4	pos							
C/1, 4	neg							
		Ţ	without disturl	oance				
C/1,5	pos							
C/1,5	neg							
		1	without disturl	oance				
C/1,6	pos							
0,1,0	neg							

Passed	Failed

5.3 Electrical surges on mains power lines and on I/O signal and communication lines (if any) (A.7.4.3)

5.3.1 Mains power lines

			At start	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, <i>d</i> :		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :		Bar. pres.:			hPa
					-
Automatic zero-setting device is	S:				
Non-existent	Not in operation	Out of working range	e	In operation	

Mains power lines: test voltage 1.0 kV, duration of the test > 1 minute at each amplitude and polarity

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

		Result						
Connection	Polarity	Load	Indication,	Sig	gnificant fault (>1 d _t)			
	Load	I	No	Yes (remarks)				
without disturb	oance							
Live	pos							
yground	neg							
without disturb	oance							
Neutral	pos							
y ground	neg							
without disturb	without disturbance							
Protective earth	pos							
yground	neg							

 $Used\ in\ conjunction\ with\ result\ sheet\ A\ to\ record\ the\ retained\ totalization$

			Result							
Connection	Polarity	Totalization	indication	Significant fault (>1 d_t)						
		At start of test	At end of test	No	Yes (remarks)					
without disturb	oance									
Live ↓	pos									
ground	neg									
without disturb	oance									
Neutral	pos									
↓ ground	neg									
without disturb	oance									
Protective earth	pos									
yground	neg									

Result sheet C

Passed

Used where the total is being increased by continually adding the result of weighing a static load and the totalization indicator is used to determine the error

					Result			
Connection Polarity			Calculated change in	Totalization before adding	Totalization after adding	Indicated change in	Significant fault $(T_c - T_i)$	
		Load	totalization, $T_{\rm c}$	load, T _b	load, T _a	totalization, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	No	Yes (remarks)
without dist	urbance							
Live	pos							
ground	neg							
without dist	urbance							
Neutral	pos							
ground	neg							
without dist	urbance							
Protective earth	pos							
ground	neg							

Remarks (including ad	ditional test setup information):

Failed

5.3.2 Electrical surges on I/O signal and communication lines (if any)

				At Start	Atena	
Application no.:			Temp.:			°C
Type designation:			Rel. h.:			%
Observer:			Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d:			Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :			Bar. pres.:			hPa
•			•			_
Automatic zero-setting device is	3:					
Non-existent	Not in operation	Out of wo	rking range	In ope	ration	

I/O signal and communication lines (if any): test voltage 0.5 kV, duration of the test 1 minute at each amplitude and polarity

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

]	Result	
Cable/interface	Polarity	Tand	Indication,	S	ignificant fault (>1 d _t)
		Load	I	No	Yes (remarks)
withou	t disturbance				
C/1,1	pos				
C/1,1	neg				
withou	t disturbance				
C/1,2	pos				
C/1,2	neg				
withou	t disturbance				
C/1,3	pos				
C/1,5	neg				
withou	t disturbance				
C/1,4	pos				
C/1,4	neg				
withou	t disturbance				
C/1,5	pos				
C/1,3	neg				
withou	t disturbance				
C/1.6	pos				
C/1,6	neg				

Notes: 1) Explain or make a sketch indicating where the clamp is located on the cable; if necessary, add additional page.

2) The cell references C/1,1 to C/1,6 should be used to cross-reference the cable or interface between Tables A and B.

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Result sheet B

Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization

			F	Result	
Cable/interface	Polarity	At start of test	At end of test		Significant fault (>1 d _t)
		At start of test	At end of test	No	Yes (remarks)
	without distu	rbance			
C/1,1	pos				
C/1,1	neg				
	without distu	rbance			
C/1,2	pos				
C/1,2	neg				
	without distu	rbance			
C/1,3	pos				
C/1,5	neg				
	without distu	rbance			
C/1,4	pos				
C/1,4	neg				
	without distu	rbance			
C/1,5	pos				
C/1,5	neg				
	without distu	rbance			
C/1,6	pos				
C/1,0	neg				

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Result sheet C

					Result			
Cable/	Polarity		Calculated	Totalization before		Indicated	Significant fault $(T_c - T_i)$	
interface		Load	change in totalization, T_c	adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	after adding load, T_a	change in totalization, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	No	Yes (remarks)
		,	without disturb	oance				
C/1,1	pos							
C/1,1	neg							
		,	without disturb	oance				
C/1,2	pos							
C/1,2	neg							
		,	without disturb	oance				
C/1,3	pos							
C/1,5	neg							
		,	without disturb	oance				
C/1,4	pos							
C/1,4	neg							
		,	without disturb	pance				
C/1,5	pos							
C/1,3	neg							
	without disturbance							
C/1 6	pos							
C/1,6	neg							

Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

5.4 Electrostatic discharge (A.7.4.4)

5.4.1 Direct application

			At start	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d:		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :		Bar. pres.:			hPa
Automatic zero-setting device is Non-existent	s: Not in operation	Out of working rang	e]	In operation	
Contact discharges	Paint p	enetration			
Air discharges	Polarity ⁶ :	pos	neg	g	

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

	Discharges				Result			
Test voltage	Number of Repetition discharges interval		Load	Indication,	Significant fault (>1 d _t)			
(kV)	(≥ 10)	(s)	Load	I	No	Yes (remarks)		
	without	disturbance						
2								
4								
6								
8 (air discharges)	(air discharges)							

 $^{^{\}rm 6}$ IEC 61000-4-2 specifies that the test shall be conducted with the most sensitive polarity.

 ${\it Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization}$

	Discharges				Result			
Test voltage	Number of Repetition discharges interval		At start	At end of	Significant fault (>1 d _t)			
(kV)	≥ 10	(s)	of test			Yes (remarks)		
	without	disturbance						
2								
4								
6								
8 (air discharges)								

Result sheet C

Discharges				Result														
Test voltage	Number of	Repetition											Calculated	adding adding		Indicated	Sig	snificant fault $(T_c - T_i)$
(kV)	discharges ≥ 10	interval (s)	Load	change, $T_{\rm c}$	load, $T_{\rm b}$	load, T_a	change $T_i = T_a - T_b$	No	Yes (remarks)									
		witho	ut distu	rbance														
2																		
4																		
6																		
8 (air discharges)																		

Note:	If the EUT fails	s, the	test point at which this occurs shall be recorded.
P	assed		Failed
Remar	·ks:		

5.4.2 Indirect application (contact discharges only)

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval d:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval d_t :	Bar. pres.:			hPa
Automatic zero-setting device is: Non-existent Not in operation	on Out of working rang	ge I	n operation	
Polarity ⁷ : pos	neg			

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

Horizontal coupling plane

	Result							
Test voltage	Number of discharges	Repetition interval (s)	Load	Indication,	Significant fault (>1 d_t)			
(kV)	≥ 10		Load	I	No	Yes (remarks)		
	without disturbance							
2	2							
4								
6								

Vertical coupling plane

	Result							
Test voltage	Number of discharges	Repetition interval (s)	Load	Indication,	Significant fault (>1 d_t)			
(kV)	≥ 10		Load	I	No	Yes (remarks)		
	without disturbance							
2	2							
4								
6								

⁷ IEC 61000-4-2 specifies that the test shall be conducted with the most sensitive polarity.

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Result sheet B

Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization

Horizontal coupling plane

Г	Result							
Test voltage	Number of	Repetition interval (s)	Total	ization	Significant fault (>1 d _t)			
(kV)	discharges ≥ 10		At start of test	At end of test	No	Yes (remarks)		
	without disturbance							
2								
4								
6								

Vertical coupling plane

Ι	Result					
Test voltage	Number of	Repetition interval (s)	Totaliz	ation	Significant fault (>1 d _t)	
(kV)	discharges ≥ 10		At start of test	At end of test	No	Yes (remarks)
	witho	ut disturbance				
2						
4						
6						

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Result sheet C

Used where the total is being increased by continually adding the result of weighing a static load and the totalization indicator is used to determine the error

Horizontal coupling plane

	Discharges		Result						
T		-	Totalization					Significant fault $(T_c - T_i)$	
Test voltage (kV)	Number of discharges ≥ 10	Repetition interval (s)	Load	Calculated change,	Before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	After adding load, T_a	Indicated change, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	No	Yes (remarks)
			without d	isturbance					
2									
4									
6									

Vertical coupling plane

	Discharges		Result						
			Totalization					Significant fault $(T_c - T_i)$	
Test voltage (kV)	Number of discharges ≥ 10	Repetition interval (s)	Load	Calculated change,	Before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	After adding load, T_a	Indicated change, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	No	Yes (remarks)
			without d	isturbance					
2									
4									
6									

Note:	If the EUT fails	, the	test point at which this occurs shall be recorded.
Pa	assed		Failed
Remarl	ks:		

5.4 Electrostatic discharge test (A.7.4.4) (continued)

Specification of test points of EUT (direct application), e.g. by photos or sketches

a) Direct application

Contact discharges:

Air discharges:

b) Indirect application

5.5 **Immunity to electromagnetic fields (A.7.4.5)**

5.5.1 Immunity to radiated electromagnetic fields (A.7.4.5.1)

			At start	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, <i>d</i> :		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :		Bar. pres.:			hPa
Rate of sweep:					
Test severity;					
Frequency range:	80 MHz ¹ to 2000 MHz				
RF amplitude (50 ohms):	10 V/m				
Modulation:	80 % AM, 1 kHz, sine wave				

If the EUT fails, the frequency and field strength at which this occurs must be recorded.

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

	Dist	urbances		Result				
Antenna	Frequency	Polarization	EUT	Load	Indication,	Significant fault (>1 a		
Amenna	range (MHz)	Polarization	facing	Load	I	No	Yes (remarks)	
	without	disturbance						
			Front					
		Vertical	Right					
		vertical	Left					
			Rear					
		Horizontal -	Front					
			Right					
			Left					
			Rear					
			Front					
		Vertical	Right					
		vertical	Left					
			Rear					
			Front					
		Horizontal	Right					
		Horizontal	Left	_				
			Rear					

		Horizontol	_		
		Horizontal	Left		
			Rear		
	Passed	Failed			
Rer	narks:				

 $^{^{1}}$ Lower limit is 26 MHz if the test according to A.7.4.5.2 cannot be applied due to lack of mains or I/O ports.

Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization

	Distu	rbances			Result		
Antenna	Frequency	Polarization	EUT	Totalization	n indication	Signi	ficant fault (>1 d_t)
Antenna	range (MHz)	Polarization	facing	At start of test	At end of test	No	Yes (remarks)
	without o	disturbance					
			Front				
		Vertical	Right				
		verticai	Left				
			Rear				
	without o	listurbance					
			Front				
		Horizontal	Right				
		Horizontai	Left				
			Rear				
	without o	listurbance					
			Front				
		Vertical	Right				
		verticai	Left				
			Rear				
	without disturbance						
			Front				
		Horizontal	Right				
		Horizontal	Left				
			Rear				

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Result sheet C

	Distur	bances					Resu	lt			
	Frequency					Totalizati	on		Significant fault $(T_c - T_i)$		
Antenna	range (MHz)	Polarization	EUT facing	Load	Calculated change,	Before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	After adding load, T_a	Indicated change, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	No	Yes (remarks)	
	without d	isturbance									
			Front								
		Vertical	Right								
		Vertical	Left								
			Rear								
	without d	isturbance									
			Front								
		Horizontal	Right								
			Left								
			Rear								
	without d	isturbance									
			Front								
		W	Right								
		Vertical	Left								
			Rear								
	without d	isturbance	•								
			Front								
		TT : 1	Right								
		Horizontal	Left								
			Rear								

Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

Immunity to conducted electromagnetic fields (A.7.4.5.2) 5.5.2

			At Start	Atenu	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, <i>d</i> :		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :		Bar. pres.:			hPa
Rate of sweep:					
Test severity;					
Frequency range:	0.15 MHz - 80 MHz				
RF amplitude (50 ohms):	10 V (e.m.f.)				

If EUT fails, the frequency and field strength at which this occurs must be recorded.

Result sheet A

Modulation:

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

80 % AM, 1 kHz, sine wave

	Disturb	ances		Result				
Antenna	Frequency range (MHz)	Polarization	Level (volts	Load	Indication,	Significant fault (>1 d		
			e.m.f)		-	No	Yes (remarks)	
	without dis	sturbance						
			Front					
		Vertical	Right					
		Vertical	Left					
			Rear					
		Horizontal -	Front					
			Right					
			Left					
			Rear					
			Front					
		Vertical	Right					
		verticai	Left					
			Rear					
			Front					
			Right					
		Horizontal	Left					
			Rear					

		Front		
	Horizontal	Right		
	Horizontai	Left		
		Rear		
Passed	Failed			
Remarks:				

Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization

	Distu	rbances			Result		
Antenna	Frequency	Polarization	Level (volts	Totalization	n indication	Signi	ficant fault (>1 d _t)
Antenna	range (MHz)	Polarization	e.m.f)	At start of test	At end of test	No	Yes (remarks)
	without disturbance						
			Front				
		Vertical	Right				
		-	Left				
			Rear				
	without o	listurbance					
			Front				
		11	Right				
		Horizontal	Left				
			Rear				
	without o	listurbance					
			Front				
		V	Right				
		Vertical	Left				
			Rear				
	without o	listurbance					
			Front				
		II	Right				
		Horizontal	Left				
			Rear				

	Disturb	bances	T	Result						
			Level			Significant fault $(T_c - T_i)$				
Antenna Frequency range (MHz)		Polarization	(volts e.m.f)	Load	Calculated change,	Before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	After adding load, T_a	Indicated change, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	No	Yes (remarks)
	without di	sturbance								
			Front							
		Vertical	Right							
		Vertical	Left							
			Rear							
	without di	sturbance								
		Horizontal	Front							
			Right							
			Left							
			Rear							
	without di	sturbance								
			Front							
		Vertical	Right							
		Vertical	Left							
			Rear							
	without di	sturbance								
			Front							
		Horizontal	Right							
		HUHZUHAI	Left							
			Rear							

		Horizontal	Right			
		попиона	Left			
			Rear			
	Passed	Failed				
K(emarks:					

Include a description of the setup of the EUT, e.g. by photos or sketches.

Radiated:

Conducted:

5.6 Electrical transient conduction for instruments powered by road vehicle batteries (A.7.4.6)

5.6.1 Conduction along supply lines of 12 V or 24 V road vehicle batteries (A.7.4.6.1)

			At start	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d:		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :		Bar. pres.:			hPa
12 V battery voltage	24 V battery voltage	e			

Result sheet A

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

Voltage		Pulse voltage, $U_{\rm s}$		Resu	lt	
conditions,	Test pulse		Load	Indication,	Significant fault (>1 d_t)	
$U_{ m nom}$		3	Loau		No	Yes (remarks) ⁸
	2a	+ 50 V				
	2b ⁹	+10 V				
12 V	3a	-150 V				
	3b	+100 V				
	4	-7 V				
	2a	+50 V				
	2b	+20 V				
24 V	3a	-200 V				
<u> </u>	3b	+200 V				
	4	-16 V				

Functional status of the instrument during and after exposure to test pulses.

Test pulse 2b is only applicable if the instrument is connected to the battery via the main (ignition) switch of the car, i.e. if the manufacturer has not specified that the instrument is to be connected directly (or by its own main switch) to the battery.

 $Used\ in\ conjunction\ with\ result\ sheet\ A\ to\ record\ the\ retained\ totalization$

Voltage		Pulse voltage, U_s	Result							
conditions,	Test pulse		Totalization	n indication	Significant fault (>1 d_t)					
U_{nom}		3	At start of test	At end of test	No	Yes (remarks)				
	2a	+50 V								
	2b	+10 V								
12 V	3a	-150 V								
	3b	+100 V								
	4	-7 V								
	2a	+50 V								
	2b	+20 V								
24 V	3a	-200 V								
	3b	+200 V								
	4	-16 V								

Result sheet C

		Result							
Voltage		Pulse		Tota	lization ind	ication		Significant fault $(T_c - T_i)$	
conditions, U_{nom} Test pulse	Test pulse	voltage, U_s	Load	Calculated change,	Before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	After adding load, $T_{\rm a}$	Indicated change, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	No	Yes (remarks)
	2a	+50 V							
	2b	+10 V							
12 V	3a	-150 V							
	3b	+100 V							
	4	-7 V							
	2a	+50 V							
	2b	+20 V							
24 V	3a	-200 V							
	3b	+200 V							
	4	-16 V							

	3b	+200 V				
	4	-16 V				
Passed Remarks:		Faile	d			

5.6.2 Electrical transient conduction via lines other than supply lines, for external 12 V or 24 V road vehicle batteries (A.7.4.6.2)

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	 Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			уууу-mm-do
Control scale interval, d:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :	Bar. pres.:			hPa
-				•

Result sheet A

12 V battery voltage

Used in conjunction with result sheet B when the integral control device is used to determine the error

24 V battery voltage

Voltage			Result					
conditions, U_{nom}	Test pulse	Pulse voltage, $U_{\rm s}$	Load	Indication,	Significant fault (>1 d _t)			
			Loau	I	No	Yes (remarks) ¹⁰		
12 V	a	-60 V						
12 V	b	+40 V						
24 V	a	-80 V						
24 V	b	+80 V						

Result sheet B

Used in conjunction with result sheet A to record the retained totalization

Voltage		Pulse voltage, $U_{\rm s}$	Result						
~	Test pulse		Totalization	n indication	Significant fault (>1 d _t)				
		J	At start of test	At end of test	No	Yes (remarks)			
12 V	a	-60 V							
12 V	b	+40 V							
24 V	a	-80 V							
24 V	b	+80 V							

¹⁰ Functional status of the instrument during and after exposure to test pulses.

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Result sheet C

		Result							
$\begin{array}{c c} \text{Voltage} \\ \text{conditions,} \\ U_{\text{nom}} \end{array} \text{Test pulse} \begin{array}{c c} \text{Pulse} \\ \text{voltage,} \\ U_{\text{s}} \end{array}$	m 1		Totalization indication					Significant fault $(T_c - T_i)$	
		Load	Calculated change,	Before adding load, $T_{\rm b}$	After adding load,	Indicated change, $T_i = T_a - T_b$	No	Yes (remarks)	
12 V	a	–60 V							
12 V	b	+40 V							
24 V	a	-80 V							
24 V	b	+80 V							

6 Span stability (6.7.3, A.8)

Application no.:	
Type designation:	
Control scale interval, d:	
Resolution during test (smaller than <i>d</i>):	
·	

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

Non-existent	Not in operation	Out of working range
Zero load =	Test load =	

Automatic span adjustment device:

Non-existent		In operation
	L	
	Non-existent	Non-existent

	Measurement	no.	1:	Initial	measurement
--	-------------	-----	----	---------	-------------

Application no.:	
Type designation:	
Observer:	

	At start	At end	
Temp.:			°C
Rel. h.:			%
Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Time:			hh:mm:ss
Bar. pres.:			Pa

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0,$$
 $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, <i>I</i> _L	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L} - E_{\rm 0}$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

^{*} When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

Average error = average
$$(E_L - E_0)$$

$$(E_L - E_0)_{\text{max}} - (E_L - E_0)_{\text{min}} =$$

$$0.1 d =$$

If $|(E_L - E_0)_{max} - (E_L - E_0)_{min}| \le 0.1 \ d$, one loading and reading will be sufficient for each of the subsequent measurements. If not, five loadings and readings shall be performed at each measurement.

	each of the subsurement has be			s (at least sever	n), indicate u	nder "Re	marks", as	appropriate, if the
	the temperature te	est, the EUT hav	ving been st	abilized for at least	16 h			
	the damp heat test	t, the EUT havi	ng been stat	pilized for at least 1	16 h			
	the EUT has been	disconnected f	rom the mai	ns for at least 8 h a	and then stabiliz	ed for at lea	ast 5 h	
	any change in the	test location						
	any other specific	condition:						
Mea	surement no. 2				At st	art	At end	
	Application no.:			Te	emp.:		°(C
	Type designation:			Re	el. h.:		9/	Ó
	Observer:			·	Date:		y.	yyy-mm-dd
				7	Гіте:		h	h:mm:ss
				Bar.	pres.:		h	Pa
$E_0 = I_0$	$_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_{0,}$	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} +$	$\frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L - 1$	L				
No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, I _L	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}-E_0$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
* W	nen applicable, nec	essary correction	ons resulting	g from variations of	f temperature, p	ressure, etc	. See remarks	
If fiv	ve loadings and rea	dings have been	n performed	:	Average error =	= average (<i>l</i>	$E_{\rm L}-E_0$)	
Rema	arks:							

Measurement no. 3		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
	Time:			hh:mm:ss
	Bar. pres.:			hPa

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$$
, $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}-E_0$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

^{*} When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed:

Average error = average
$$(E_L - E_0)$$

Remarks:

Measurement no.	4
-----------------	---

Application no.:

Type designation:

Observer:

	At start	At end	
Temp.:			°C
Rel. h.:			%
Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Time:			hh:mm:ss
Bar. pres.:			hPa

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$$
, $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, I_L	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}-E_{\rm 0}$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

^{*} When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed:

Average error = average $(E_L - E_0)$	
---------------------------------------	--

Measurement no. 5		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
	Time:			hh:mm:ss
	Bar. pres.:			hPa

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$$
, $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}-E_0$	Corrected value
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

^{*} When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed:

Average error = average
$$(E_L - E_0)$$

Remarks:

Application no.:

Type designation:

Observer:

	At start	At end	
Temp.:			°C
Rel. h.:			%
Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Time:			hh:mm:ss
Bar. pres.:			hPa

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$$
, $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, I_L	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}-E_{\rm 0}$	Corrected value
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

^{*} When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed:

Average error = average $(E_L - E_0)$	

Measurement no. 7		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
	Time:			hh:mm:ss
	Bar. pres.:			hPa

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$$
, $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}-E_0$	Corrected value
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

^{*} When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed:

Average error = average
$$(E_L - E_0)$$

Remarks:

Measurement	no.	8
-------------	-----	---

Application no.:

Type designation:

Observer:

	At start	At end	
Temp.:			°C
Rel. h.:			%
Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Time:			hh:mm:ss
Bar. pres.:			hPa

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$$
, $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

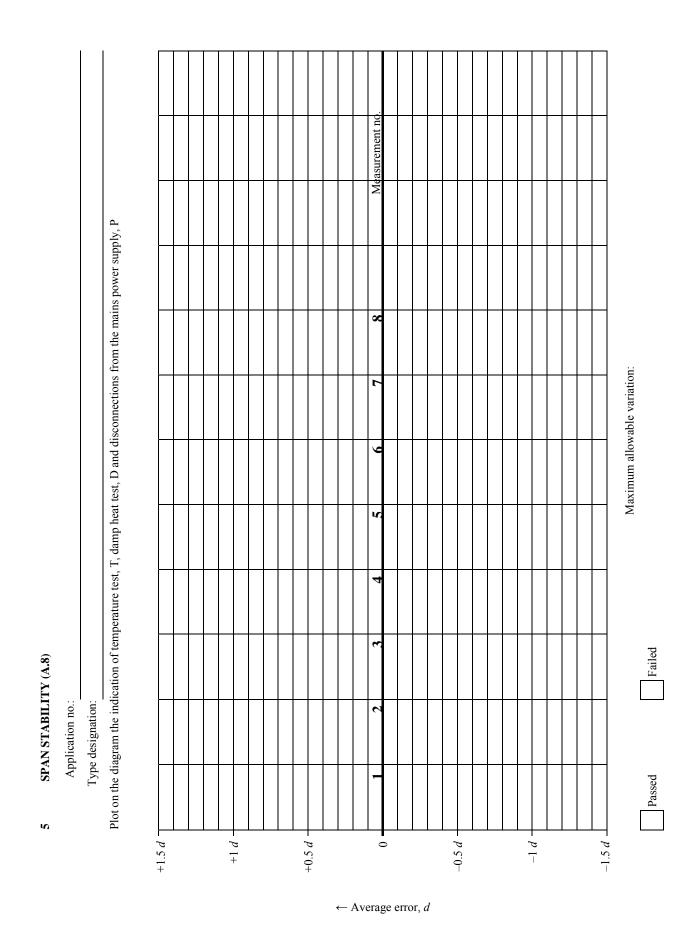
No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}-E_{\rm 0}$	Corrected value
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

^{*} When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed:

Average error = average $(E_L - E_0)$	
---------------------------------------	--

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7 Material tests (6.1, A.5.1)

7.1 Material testing (separate verification method) (6.2.1, A.5.1.1, A.9.2.3)

Test 1		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :	Bar. pres.:			hPa
Material:				
Condition of material:				
Nominal load:				

Parameter	Results
Number of loads	
Indicated total at start, $T_{\rm S}$	
Indicated total at end, $T_{\rm F}$	
$I = T_{\rm F} - T_{ m S}$	
Control instrument indication for total load, L	
$Error = (I - L) / L \times 100 \%$	

Remarks:

Test 2		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, <i>d</i> :	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :	Bar. pres.:			hPa
Material:	<u> </u>			_
Condition of material:				

Parameter	Results
Number of loads	
Indicated total at start, $T_{\rm S}$	
Indicated total at end, $T_{\rm F}$	
$I = T_{\rm F} - T_{\rm S}$	
Control instrument indication for total load, L	
$Error = (I - L) / L \times 100 \%$	

Remarks:

Nominal load:

Test 3			At start	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, <i>d</i> :		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :	Ba	r. pres.:			hPa
Material:		·			-
Condition of material:					
Nominal load:					
_					

Parameter	Results
Number of loads	
Indicated total at start, $T_{\rm S}$	
Indicated total at end, $T_{\rm F}$	
$I = T_{\rm F} - T_{\rm S}$	
Control instrument indication for total load, L	
$Error = (I - L) / L \times 100 \%$	

	At start	At end	
Temp.:			°C
Rel. h.:			%
Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Time:			hh:mm:ss
Bar. pres.:			hPa
	Rel. h.: Date: Time:	Temp.: Rel. h.: Date: Time:	Temp.: Rel. h.: Date: Time:

Parameter	Results
Number of loads	
Indicated total at start, $T_{\rm S}$	
Indicated total at end, $T_{\rm F}$	
$I = T_{\rm F} - T_{\rm S}$	
Control instrument indication for total load, L	
$Error = (I - L) / L \times 100 \%$	

Remarks:

Note: Reproduce this page for additional tests as necessary.

Material testing (integral verification method) 7.2 7.2.1 Integral verification weighing performance (A.5.1.2.1, A.5.1.2.4)

Note: This test is only part of the material tests when the integral weighing method is used for the tests. It is then conducted prior to the actual material test.

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Resolution during test:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
(smaller than d):	Bar. pres.:			hPa
Automatic zero-setting device is: Non-existent Not in operation $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$	Out of working rang	e I	n operation	
F = F F with $F = arror calculated at ar near zero*$				

 $E_c = E - E_o$ with $E_o =$ error calculated at or near zero.

I 1 I	Indica	Indication, I		oad, ΔL	Erro	or, E	Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$		
Load, L	\downarrow	↑	\	↑	\	↑	\	↑	mpe
*					*				

	_					
	Passed	Failed				
Rer	narks:					

7.2.2 Material tests (integral verification method) (6.2.2, A.5.1.2, A.9.2.1)

Test 1		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, <i>d</i> :	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :	Bar. pres.:			hPa
Material:				
Condition of material:				
Nominal load:				

		Hopper contents static weighing					Indicated total	
	Indication,	Add. load, ΔL	Indication prior to rounding, $P = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$	Calculated error, E	Corrected indication, $I_C = P - E$	Load indication $L = I_{CL} - I_{CD}$		At start, $T_{\rm S}$
Loaded					I_{CL}			
Discharged					I_{CD}			
Loaded								
Discharged]		
Loaded								
Discharged						1		
Loaded	†							
Discharged						1		
Loaded	†							
Discharged	†					1		
Loaded								
Discharged						1		
Loaded								
Discharged						1		
Loaded								
Discharged						1		
Loaded	†							
Discharged	†					1		
Loaded	†							1 7
Discharged	†					1		At end, $T_{\rm F}$
	$Error = (T_{F} - Error = T_{F} - Error = T_{$	$-T_{\rm S}-\Sigma L)/\Sigma$	ΣL × 100 %			ΣL (Total load)	-	

Test 2		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, <i>d</i> :	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :	Bar. pres.:			hPa
Material:				
Condition of material:				
Nominal load:				

			Hopper content	s static weighin	ıg		Indicated total
	Indication,	Add. load, ΔL	Indication prior to rounding, $P = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$	Calculated error, E	Corrected indication, $I_{\rm C} = P - E$	Load indication $L = I_{CL} - I_{CD}$	At start, $T_{\rm S}$
Loaded					$I_{ m CL}$		
Discharged					I_{CD}		
Loaded							
Discharged							
Loaded							
Discharged							
Loaded							
Discharged							
Loaded							
Discharged							
Loaded							
Discharged							
Loaded							
Discharged							
Loaded							
Discharged						•	
Loaded							
Discharged							
Loaded							
Discharged						1	At end, $T_{\rm F}$
	$Error = (T_F - Error)$	$-T_{\rm S}-\Sigma L)/\Sigma$	ΣL × 100 %		1	ΣL (Total load)	

Test 3		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, <i>d</i> :	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :	Bar. pres.:			hPa
Material:				
Condition of material:				
Nominal load:				

			Hopper content	s static weighin	ıg		Iı	ndicated total
	Indication,	Add. load, ΔL	Indication prior to rounding, $P = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$	Calculated error, E	Corrected indication, $I_C = P - E$	Load indication $L = I_{CL} - I_{CD}$	F	At start, $T_{\rm S}$
Loaded					$I_{ m CL}$			
Discharged					I_{CD}			
Loaded								
Discharged								
Loaded								
Discharged								
Loaded								
Discharged								
Loaded								
Discharged						-		
Loaded								
Discharged						-		
Loaded								
Discharged						-		
Loaded								
Discharged						-		
Loaded								
Discharged								
Loaded								
Discharged							A	t end, $T_{\rm F}$
	$Error = (T_F \cdot Error = T_F \cdot$	$-T_{\rm S}-\Sigma L)/\Sigma$	ΣL × 100 %		l	ΣL (Total load)		

Test 4		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, <i>d</i> :	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :	Bar. pres.:			hPa
Material:				
Condition of material:				
Nominal load:				

			Hopper content	s static weighin	ıg		Iı	ndicated total
	Indication,	Add. load, ΔL	Indication prior to rounding, $P = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$	Calculated error, E	Corrected indication, $I_C = P - E$	Load indication $L = I_{CL} - I_{CD}$	F	At start, $T_{\rm S}$
Loaded					$I_{ m CL}$			
Discharged					I_{CD}			
Loaded								
Discharged								
Loaded								
Discharged								
Loaded								
Discharged								
Loaded								
Discharged						-		
Loaded								
Discharged						-		
Loaded								
Discharged						-		
Loaded								
Discharged						-		
Loaded								
Discharged								
Loaded								
Discharged							A	t end, $T_{\rm F}$
	$Error = (T_F \cdot Error = T_F \cdot$	$-T_{\rm S}-\Sigma L)/\Sigma$	ΣL × 100 %		l	ΣL (Total load)		

Test 5			At start	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	_	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	_	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d:	_	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Totalization scale interval, d_t :	F	Bar. pres.:			hPa
Material:					_
Condition of material:					
Nominal load:					

			Hopper content	s static weighin	ıg		Iı	ndicated total
	Indication,	Add. load, ΔL	Indication prior to rounding, $P = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$	Calculated error, E	Corrected indication, $I_{\rm C} = P - E$	Load indication $L = I_{CL} - I_{CD}$	F	At start, $T_{\rm S}$
Loaded					$I_{ m CL}$			
Discharged					$I_{ m CD}$			
Loaded								
Discharged								
Loaded								
Discharged								
Loaded								
Discharged								
Loaded								
Discharged						-		
Loaded								
Discharged						-		
Loaded								
Discharged						-		
Loaded								
Discharged						-		
Loaded								
Discharged								
Loaded								
Discharged							A	t end, $T_{\rm F}$
	$Error = (T_F \cdot Error = T_F \cdot$	$-T_{\rm S}-\Sigma L)/\Sigma$	ΣL × 100 %		l	ΣL (Total load)		

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		(-)
8 Examination of the	ne construction of the instrument	
report and in the accompanying (components, and any remark whic	cription or information pertaining to the instrument, DIML certificate. This may include a picture of the condition is could be useful for authorities responsible for the intype. It may also include references to the manufacture.	omplete instrument, a description of its main uitial or subsequent verifications of individual
Description:		

(a)

9 Checklist

This checklist is intended to serve as a summary of the results of examinations to be performed and not as a procedure. The items on this checklist are provided to recall the requirements specified in R 107-1:2007 and shall not be considered as a substitution for these requirements.

For non-mandatory devices, the checklist provides space to indicate whether or not the device exists and, if appropriate, its type. A cross in the box for "present" indicates that the device exists and that it complies with the definition given in the terminology; when indicating that a device is "not present", also check the boxes to indicate that the tests are not applicable (see page 6).

If appropriate, the results stated in this checklist may be supplemented by remarks given on additional pages.

Application no.:	Type designation:	
	•	

Requirement (R 107-1)	Test procedure	Totalizing hopper weigher checklist	Passed	Failed	Remarks			
		Metrological requirements						
2.2.1	A.5.1	Maximum permissible errors						
		Maximum permissible errors for automatic weighing for each class for loads not less than Σ_{\min} :						
		$lacksquare$ do not exceed values in Table 1 rounded to the nearest $d_{\rm t}$						
2.2.2	A.7	Maximum permissible errors for influence factor tests:						
		• do not exceed values in Table 2,						
		• accuracy of rounding errors at least 0.2 d _t						
2.3	Observe	Form of the scale interval: 1×10^k , 2×10^k or 5×10^k	Note					
2.4	Observe	Totalization scale interval: 0.01 % $\leq d_t \leq$ 0.1 % of Max	Note					
2.5	Observe	Minimum totalized load:						
		$\Sigma_{\min} \geq Min$						
		$\Sigma_{\min} \ge 1000 d_{\rm t}$ for class 0.2, or						
		$400 d_{\rm t}$ for class 0.5, or						
		$200 d_{\rm t}$ for class 1, or						
		$100 d_{\rm t}$ for class 2						
2.6	A.6.2	Agreement between multiple indicating devices						
		For a given load, the difference between the weighing results from any two devices having same scale interval is:						
	Observe	 not greater than the absolute value of the maximum permissible errors for automatic weighing for analog devices. 						
		zero for digital displaying and printing devices.						
2.7	A.7.3	Influence factors						
2.7.1.1	A.7.3.1	Static temperatures						
2.7.1.2		Temperature effect on no-load indication						
2.7.2		Mains power:						
	A.7.3.4	AC mains voltage variations						
	A.7.3.5	DC mains voltage variations						
	A.7.3.6	Battery voltage variations (DC)						
	A.7.3.7	12 V or 24 V road vehicle battery voltage variations						

Requirement Test Passed Failed Totalizing hopper weigher checklist Remarks $(\hat{R}\ 107-1)$ procedure 2.8 Observe Units of measurement: gram (g), kilogram (kg), tonne (t) 3 **Technical requirements** 3.1 Observe Suitability for use: design to suit intended materials and usage, and robust construction to maintain its metrological characteristics 3.2 Observe Security of operation 3.2.1 No characteristics likely to facilitate fraudulent use 3.2.2 Effect of accidental breakdown or maladjustment is evident 3.2.3 Operation unaffected by incomplete discharge 3.2.4 Effects of variation in the quantity of the load \geq Lim is evident 3.2.5 Inhibition of usage at loads: > Max; < Min; 3.2.6 Observe Use as a non-automatic weighing instrument: Complies with the requirements of OIML R 76-1:2006 Non-automatic weighing instruments 3.2.7 A.6.3 **Operational adjustments** Adjustment prevented in automatic mode, except during tests in accordance with 3.2.5 and 6.3 of R 107-1 Controls 3.2.8 Observe Controls come to rest in intended positions and unambiguously marked keys 3.2.9 Observe **Dust extraction** Shall not affect measurement 3.2.10 A.6.1 Stable equilibrium Under continuous or temporary disturbance of stable equilibrium: printed or stored weighing values show no more than two adjacent; with one of them being the final weight value; for zero operations, correct operation according to 3.8.1 of R 107-1 is achievable 3.2.11 Observe Interlocks Prevent or indicate operation outside specified working conditions for: minimum operating voltage (2.7.2) maximum safe load (3.2.4) zero-setting (3.8.3) automatic operation (3.2.5) 3.3 A.6.4 Securing of components and pre-set controls 3.3.1 Observe Instrument, modules, devices and controls: Fitted with a securing means, or Enclosed:

Requirement Test Passed Failed Totalizing hopper weigher checklist Remarks (R 107-1) procedure If enclosed, the enclosure is sealed Seals are easily accessible Legally relevant parameters protected by hardware or software means Securing provided on all parts of the measuring system which cannot be materially protected in any other way against operations liable to affect the measurement accuracy National regulations may specify the securing that is needed 3.3.2 Observe Means of security: Hardware and/or software means of security to restrict access to authorised persons only Records of interventions including the date and a means of identifying the authorised person making the intervention (see a) above): can be memorised, accessed and displayed; traceability of the interventions is assured for at least the period of time in between periodical verifications depending on national regulations Records may not be overwritten, and if the storage capacities for records is exhausted, no further intervention shall be possible without breaking a physical seal Software functions secured against intentional, unintentional and accidental changes in accordance with 3.6 of R 107-1 Transmission of legally relevant data via interfaces secured against intentional, unintentional accidental changes according to 4.2.6.2 of R 107-1 Securing possibilities available in an instrument shall be such that separate securing of the settings may be possible Stored measurement data is secured against intentional, unintentional and accidental changes in accordance with 3.5 of R 107-1 3.4 A.6.5 Indication and recording of weighing results Observe Devices included with the instruments Principal totalization indicating device Present [] Not present [Not present [] Supplementary totalization indicating device Present [] Partial totalization indicating device Present [] Not present [] Data storage device Present [] Not present [Printer Present [] Not present [] 3.4.1 Observe Quality of indication Reliable, easy and unambiguous under normal conditions

Overall inaccuracy of an analogue device $< 0.2 d_t$

Requirement Test Passed Failed Totalizing hopper weigher checklist Remarks (R 107-1) procedure The scales, numbering and printing shall permit the figures which form the results to be read by simple juxtaposition 3.4.2 A.6.5 Form of the indication 3.4.2.1 Observe Units of mass Results contain names and symbols of the units of mass for any one indication, only one unit of mass Units of mass written in small letters (lower case) in accordance with 2.8 of R 107-1. 3.4.2.2 Observe **Digital indication** Digital zero indication includes the display of a zero for all places that are displayed to the right of a decimal point and at least one place to the left When no decimal values are displayed, a zero shall be displayed for each place of the displayed division Decimal fraction is separated from its integer by a decimal sign (comma or dot) with the indication showing at least one figure to the left of the sign and all figures to the right Decimal sign on one line with the bottom of the figures (e.g. 0.305 kg) to separate integer and decimal fraction 3.4.2.3 Observe Scale interval All devices (except supplementary devices) shall have the same scale interval. Form of the scale interval is in accordance with requirements in 2.3 of R 107-1 Decimal sign maintains its position in the display where the scale interval is changed automatically 3.4.3 Observe **Totalization indicating devices** Allow reliable, clear and unambiguous reading of the results by simple juxtaposition and bear the symbol of the appropriate unit of mass. Printing is clear and permanent for the intended use. Printed figures are at least 2 mm high It is not possible to reset the principle totalization device to zero an automatic operation. On interruption of automatic operation, it is not possible to reset the partial totalization indicating device to zero unless the last total indicated before resetting to zero is automatically recorded Control indicating device is to a higher resolution than that of the principal totalization indicating device. During static weighing in non-automatic operations, printing is inhibited if the stability criteria in 3.2.10 of R 107-1 are not fulfilled 3.4.4 Observe **Combined indicating devices** Combined indication on demand clearly identified 3.4.5 Instruments that tare weigh For instruments used to receive (weigh in), the no-load reference value shall be determined and recorded only at the beginning of each weighing cycle

Requirement Test Passed Failed Totalizing hopper weigher checklist Remarks (R 107-1) procedure For instruments used to deliver (weigh out), the noload reference value shall be determined and recorded only after the gross load reference value for each weighing cycle has been indicated and recorded Observe 3.5 Data storage device Memory of the instrument (hard drive) Present [Not present [] Removable external storage Present [Not present [] Stored data is adequately protected against intentional and unintentional changes during storage process and contains all relevant information necessary to reconstruct an earlier measurement Data storage security Stored data is secured in accordance with the appropriate requirements in 3.5 of R 107-1 If software realizing the data storage can be transmitted to or downloaded into the instrument these processes shall be secured in accordance with requirements in 3.6 of R 107-1 External storage devices identification and security attributes are automatically verified to ensure integrity and authenticity Exchangeable storage media for storing measurement data need not be sealed provided that the stored data is secured by a specific checksum or key code Replacement of old data with new data is only possible when the owner of the old data has given authority to overwrite the old data 3.6 A.1.1 Software Legally relevant software (T.2.7.7.1) of the instrument Observe is identified by the manufacturer 3.6.1 A.1.1 Software information submitted with software controlled instruments Description of the legally relevant software Description of the accuracy of the measuring algorithms (e.g. programming modes) Description of the user interface, menus and dialogues The unambiguous software identification Description of the embedded software Overview of the system hardware, e.g. block diagram, type of computer(s), software source code, etc, if not described in the operating manual Means of securing software Operating manual 3.6.2 Security of legally relevant software Appropriate requirements for securing given in 3.3 and 3.6 of R 107-1 Assignment of appropriate software identification to legally relevant software, which is adapted in the case of every software change that may affect the functions and accuracy of the instrument

Requirement Test Passed Failed Totalizing hopper weigher checklist Remarks (R 107-1) procedure Functions performed or initiated via connected interfaces, i.e., transmission of legally relevant software, shall comply with the securing requirements for interfaces in 4.2.6 in R 107-1 National regulation may specify the requirements for security of software controlled instruments 3.7 Instruments with control indicating devices Load receptor shall have the facility to support a quantity of standard weights in accordance with Table 3 of R 107-1 A.5.4 Zero-setting devices The types and modes of zero-setting required on an enter in instrument are specified in accordance with national remarks regulations Observe Zero-setting modes: Automatic zero-setting Present [] Not present [] Semi-automatic zero-setting Present [] Not present [] Non-automatic zero-setting Present [Not present [] 3.8.1 A.5.4.3 Accuracy of zero-setting: $\leq 0.25 d_{\rm t}$ 3.8.2 Maximum effect Observe Effect of zero-setting device does not alter the maximum weighing capacity Overall effect of: Zero-setting range < 4 % = % Initial zero-setting < 20 % = % 3.8.3 A.6.8.1 Control of the zero-setting device Operation of the zero-setting device shall be possible only when the instrument is in stable equilibrium (3.2.10), and Rate of correction of zero-tracking shall not be more than 0.5 d per second Interlock prevents automatic operation: Observe • if the zero indication varies by or more than: $1 d_t$ on instruments with an automatic zerosetting device, or $0.5 d_t$ on instruments with a semi-automatic or non-automatic zero-setting device • if the instrument is not zeroed automatically following an automatic weighing cycle A description of the operation of the automatic zerosetting device (e.g. the maximum programmable time interval) is specified by the manufacturer programmable interval specified manufacturer is sufficient to maintain zero within 0.5 d_t Non-automatic or semi-automatic zero-setting device inoperable during automatic operation

Requirement (R 107-1)	Test procedure	Totalizing hopper weigher checklist	Passed	Failed	Remarks	
3.8.4	3.8.4 Observe Digital indicating device:					
		 provides an indication of when the deviation from zero is not more than 0.25 d_t, or 				
		• automatically maintains a "center of zero" condition to $\pm \frac{1}{4} d_t$ or less				
3.9	A.1.4	Descriptive markings, variable according to national	regulati	on:		
3.9.1	Observe	Markings shown in full:				
		Identification mark or name of the manufacturer				
		Identification mark or name of the importer (if applicable)				
		Serial number of the instrument				
		Product description				
		Control scale interval (if applicable) (g, kg or t)				
		Electrical supply voltage (V)				
		Electrical supply frequency, (if applicable) (Hz)				
		Pneumatic/hydraulic pressure (if applicable) (kPa or bar)				
		Software identification (if applicable)				
3.9.2	Observe	Markings shown in code:				
		Type approval sign				
		Indication of the class of accuracy: 0.2, 0.5, 1 or 2				
		Maximum capacity, Max (g, kg or t)				
		Minimum capacity, Min (g, kg or t)				
		Minimum totalized load, Σ_{\min} (g, kg or t)				
		Totalization scale interval, d_t (g, kg or t)				
3.9.3	Observe	Supplementary markings:				
		Any additional markings	enter in remarks			
3.9.4	Observe	Presentation of descriptive markings:				
		Indelible and of size, shape and clarity that allows easy reading				
		Shown in accordance with national language or in form of adequate, internationally agreed and published pictograms or signs				
		Grouped together in a clearly visible place either on a descriptive plate or sticker fixed permanently near the indicating device, or on a non removable part of the instrument itself				
		In case of a plate or sticker which is not destroyed when removed, a means of securing shall be provided				
		Shown on a programmable display, and:				
		At least Max, Min and d_t shall be displayed as long as the instrument is switched on				
		The other marking may be shown on manual command				
		Described in the type approval certificate				

Requirement (R 107-1)	Test procedure	Totalizing hopper weigher checklist	Passed	Failed	Remarks
		Markings (device-specific parameters) comply with the securing requirements in 3.3 and 3.6			
3.9.4	Observe	Markings on a data plate for software controlled display	include:		
		Max, Min and d_t shown near the display			
		Type and designation of the instrument			
		Type approval number or sign			
		Name or identification mark of the manufacturer			
		Electrical supply voltage (V)			
		Electrical supply frequency (Hz)			
		Pneumatic/hydraulic pressure, (if applicable) (kPa or bar)			
3.10	A.1.4	Verification marks			
3.10.1	Observe	Position of verification marks:			
		Cannot be removed without damaging the marks			
		Allows easy application of marks			
		Visible without the instrument having to be removed			
3.10.2	Observe	Mounting			
		Verification mark support ensures conservation of the marks			
		The type and method of sealing shall be determined by national prescription.			
4		General requirements			
4.1.1		Rated operating conditions: errors do not exceed mpe			
4.1.2		Disturbances			
		Electronic instruments designed and manufactured so that:			
		Significant faults do not occur, or			
		Significant faults are detected and acted upon			
4.2	A.1.5	Functional requirements			
4.2.1	Observe	Acting upon significant faults:	Note b	elow	
		Instrument is made inoperative automatically, or			
		Visual or audible indication is provided automatically and continuous until the user takes action or the fault disappears			
		Totalized load information is retained when a significant fault occurs			
4.2.2	Observe	Indicator display test: Upon switch-on of displays on which failures become evident, all relevant signs of indicating device are active and non-active for sufficient time to be checked by operator			
4.2.5	A.5.3	Warm-up time:		<u> </u>	
	Observe	No indication or transmission of weighing results			
		Automatic operation is inhibited			
	1		1	i l	

Requirement Test Passed Failed Totalizing hopper weigher checklist Remarks $(\hat{R}\ 107-1)$ procedure 4.2.6 A.7.2.2 **Interfaces** When fitted: Instrument shall continue to function correctly and its metrological functions shall not be influenced 4.2.6.1 Observe Interface information submitted with instrument: A.7.2.3 list of all commands (e.g. menu items) description of the software interface list of all commands together brief description of their meaning and their effect on the functions and data of the instrument other interface description 4.2.6.2 Observe Interface security: legally relevant software, measurement data and functions of the instrument are not adversely affected or influenced by other interconnected instruments, or by disturbances acting on the interface protective interface protects data against accidental or deliberate interference during the transfer hardware and software functions comply with the appropriate securing requirements in 3.3 and 3.6 respectively • it shall be easily possible to verify the authenticity and integrity of data transmitted to and from the instrument Other instruments required by national regulation to be connected to the interfaces of an instrument shall be secured to automatically inhibit the operation of the instrument for reasons of the non-presence or improper functioning of the required device 4.2.7 A.6.6 AC mains voltage supply failure: Observe Metrological information retained for at least 24 hours Switch-over to emergency power supply shall not cause significant fault 4.2.8 A.6.7 External or plug-in (AC or DC) battery voltage supply: When battery voltage is below the specified voltage value, the instrument: Continues to function correctly, or Is automatically put out of service Type approval 5.1.1 A.1.1 Documentation submitted for type approval includes: Metrological characteristics of the instrument Standard set of specifications for the instrument Functional description of the components and devices Drawings, diagrams and general software information explaining the construction and operation Details of fractions p_i (modules tested separately)

Requirement Test Passed Failed Totalizing hopper weigher checklist Remarks (R 107-1) procedure Indicating devices (3.4.3) Data storage device (3.5) Zero-setting device (3.8) 5.1.1 A.1.1 Documentation submitted for type approval includes: Interfaces (types, intended use, immunity to external influences instructions (4.2.6) For software controlled instruments detailed software information (3.6) Description of the stable equilibrium function of the instrument (3.2.11) Drawing or photo of the instrument showing the principle and the location of control marks, securing marks, descriptive and verification marks (3.9, 3.10) Operating instructions, operating manual Any document or other evidence that the design and construction of the instrument complies with the requirements of the Recommendation 5.1.2.1 **General requirements** Instruments available for tests as follows: • fully operational at a typical site Confirm Confirm for laboratory simulation testing 5.1.2.2 Type evaluation tests Documents examined and tests carried out to verify that instrument complies with: metrological requirements in Clause 2 technical requirements in Clause 3 requirements in Clause 4 for electronic instruments Acceptance of test report from another metrological Note authority Instruments used in static weighing shall comply with Note the requirements of 3.2.6 5.1.2.3 A.5.1 Material tests Instruments subjected to in-site material tests in accordance with: Separate verification method as in A.5.1.1 • Integral verification method as in A.5.1.2 5.1.2.4 Simulation tests Influence quantities shall be applied during simulation tests in a manner that will reveal an alteration in accordance with: R 107-1, 2.7 for all instruments; and • R 107-1, 4, for electronic instruments 5.1.4 Modules Examination and separate test of modules of an instrument or system according to: Modules to be examined separately defined and submitted by the manufacturer

Requirement (R 107-1)	Test procedure	Totalizing hopper weigher checklist	Passed	Failed	Remarks			
		The error limits applicable to a module which is examined separately apportioned in accordance with requirements in 5.1.4.1 of R 107-1						
5.2	Initial verification							
		Instruments shall comply with R 107-1, 2 (except 2.7) and 3 for any product(s) for which they are intended and when operated under normal weighing conditions	Confirm					
5.2.1		General requirements						
		Tests shall be carried out, in-situ, with the instrument fully assembled and fixed in the position in which it is intended to be used. Instrument installed such that the weighing operation will be the same whether for the purposes of testing or for normal weighing operation	Confirm					
5.2.2		Operational tests						
		Instruments subjected to in-site material tests in accordance with:						
		Separate verification method as in A.5.1.1						
		Integral verification method as in A.5.1.2						
		Instruments used in static weighing in accordance with the integral verification method in A.5.1.2 shall comply with the requirements of 3.2.6						
5.2.3		Conformity						
		Conformity to the approved type and/or this Recommendation shall cover:						
		compliance with the appropriate maximum permissible errors in 2.2.1	Confirm Confirm					
		correct functioning of all devices, e.g. interlocks, indicating and recording devices						
		construction material and design, as far as they are of metrological relevance						
		if appropriate a list of the tests performed						
6		Test methods						
6.1		General test procedure						
		In-situ material tests shall be carried out as follows:						
		In accordance with the descriptive markings	Con	firm				
		Under the rated operating conditions for the instrument	Con	firm				
		Not less than three material tests shall be conducted, one at maximum capacity, Max, one at minimum capacity, Min, and one close to the minimum totalized load, Σ_{\min} , marked on the instrument	Con	firm				
		With test load(s) that is representative of the range and type of products for which the instrument is likely to be used or product(s) for which the instrument is intended	Con	firm				
		Each test shall be conducted at the maximum rate of weighing cycles per hour	Con	firm				
		Minimum of five weighing cycles per material test shall be conducted	No	ote				

Requirement Test Passed Failed Totalizing hopper weigher checklist Remarks $(\hat{R}\ 107-1)$ procedure Equipment near the instrument, including conveyors, dust collection systems, etc. that are in use when the Note instrument is in normal operation, shall be in use during the tests If the instrument can divert weighed material through alternative discharge facilities the test program shall be Note performed for each alternative unless weigh hopper is not affected, for example, by different air flow 6.2 Control instruments and test standards 6.2.1 A.5.1.1 Separate control instrument Error and uncertainty of a separate control instrument verified at any time other than immediately prior to the weighing tests shall be less than one-fifth of the maximum permissible error for automatic weighing in A.5.1.2 6.2.2 **Integral control instrument** Combined error and uncertainty of the integral control instrument shall be less than one-third of the maximum Note mpe permissible error in 2.2.1 Integral control instrument provided appropriate scale interval, and complies with the Confirm requirements of 3.2.6 and A.5.1.2 When load receptor cannot be loaded with sufficient standard weights, instrument shall be subjected to material tests by the separate verification method. In Note method which case an appropriate control instrument shall be available 6.2.4 Standard weights Reference standard weights or masses used for type examination or verification comply with the metrological requirements of OIML R 111:2004 Error of the additional weights used to determine the Confirm rounding error of the control instrument shall not exceed one-fifth of the maximum permissible errors of the instrument to be verified for the load, as specified in R 107-1, 2.2.2 for initial verification 6.3 A.5.1.2.3 Interruption of the automatic operation Integral control instrument uses a test-stop program as part of the automatic weighing program to automatically interrupt automatic weighing operation twice as specified in R 107-1, A.5.1.2.3 during each weighing cycle in order to weigh and discharge a subdivision of the test load Confirm If the integral control instrument is installed as an airenclosed system interruption of the automatic operation during consecutive weighing cycles may not be possible and tests shall be conducted as specified in R 107-1, A.5.1.2.7

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Use this space to detail remarks from the checklist